	Not applicable/	Relevant applied standard(s)	Title or reference of documentary		
General safety and performance requirements	Applicable	used for this product	evidence	Dated	Location
Chapter I: General requirements					
1) Devices shall achieve the performance intended by their manufacturer and shall be designed and manufactured in such a way that, during normal conditions of use, they are suitable for their intended purpose. They shall be safe and effective and shall not compromise the clinical condition or the safety of patients, or the safety and health of users or, where applicable, other persons, provided that any risks which may be associated with their use constitute acceptable risks when weighed against the benefits to the patient and are compatible with a high level of protection of health and safety, taking into account the generally acknowledged state of the art.	А				
2) The requirement in this Annex to reduce risks as far as possible means the reduction of risks as far as possible without adversely affecting the benefit-risk ratio.	Α				
3) Manufacturers shall establish, implement, document and maintain a risk management system. Risk management shall be understood as a continuous iterative process throughout the entire lifecycle of a device, requiring regular systematic updating. In carrying out risk management manufacturers shall:  (a) establish and document a risk management plan for each device;  (b) identify and analyse the known and foreseeable hazards associated with each device;  (c) estimate and evaluate the risks associated with, and occurring during, the intended use and during reasonably foreseeable misuse;  (d) eliminate or control the risks referred to in point (c) in accordance with the requirements of Section 4;  (e) evaluate the impact of information from the production phase and, in particular, from the post-market surveillance system, on hazards and the frequency of occurrence thereof, on estimates of their associated risks, as well as on the overall risk, benefit-risk ratio and risk acceptability; and  (f) based on the evaluation of the impact of the information referred to in point (e), if necessary amend control measures in line with the requirements of Section 4.	А				
4) Risk control measures adopted by manufacturers for the design and manufacture of the devices shall conform to safety principles, taking account of the generally acknowledged state of the art. To reduce risks, Manufacturers shall manage risks so that the residual risk associated with each hazard as well as the overall residual risk is judged acceptable. In selecting the most appropriate solutions, manufacturers shall, in the following order of priority: (a) eliminate or reduce risks as far as possible through safe design and manufacture; (b) where appropriate, take adequate protection measures, including alarms if necessary, in relation to risks that cannot be eliminated; and (c) provide information for safety (warnings/precautions/contra-indications) and, where appropriate, training to users. Manufacturers shall inform users of any residual risks.	A				
5) In eliminating or reducing risks related to use error, the manufacturer shall: (a) reduce as far as possible the risks related to the ergonomic features of the device and the environment in which the device is intended to be used (design for patient safety), and (b) give consideration to the technical knowledge, experience, education, training and use environment, where applicable, and the medical and physical conditions of intended users (design for lay, professional, disabled or other users).	А				
6) The characteristics and performance of a device shall not be adversely affected to such a degree that the health or safety of the patient or the user and, where applicable, of other persons are compromised during the lifetime of the device, as indicated by the manufacturer, when the device is subjected to the stresses which can occur during normal conditions of use and has been properly maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.	А				
7) Devices shall be designed, manufactured and packaged in such a way that their characteristics and performance during their intended use are not adversely affected during transport and storage, for example, through fluctuations of temperature and humidity, taking account of the instructions and information provided by the manufacturer.	А				
8) All known and foreseeable risks, and any undesirable side-effects, shall be minimised and be acceptable when weighed against the evaluated benefits to the patient and/or user arising from the achieved performance of the device during normal conditions of use.	А				
9) For the devices referred to in Annex XVI, the general safety requirements set out in Sections 1 and 8 shall be understood to mean that the device, when used under the conditions and for the purposes intended, does not present a risk at all or presents a risk that is no more than the maximum acceptable risk related to the product's use which is consistent with a high level of protection for the safety and health of persons.  Chapter II: REQUIREMENTS REGARDING DESIGN AND MANUFACTURE	NA				
Tay Chemical, physical and biological properties	Α				
10.1) Devices shall be designed and manufactured in such a way as to ensure that the characteristics and performance requirements referred to in Chapter I are fulfilled. Particular attention shall be paid to:  (a) the choice of materials and substances used, particularly as regards toxicity and, where relevant, flammability;  (b) the compatibility between the materials and substances used and biological tissues, cells and body fluids, taking account of the intended purpose of the device and, where relevant, absorption, distribution, metabolism and excretion;  (c) the compatibility between the different parts of a device which consists of more than one implantable part;  (d) the impact of processes on material properties;  (e) where appropriate, the results of biophysical or modelling research the validity of which has been demonstrated beforehand;  (f) the mechanical properties of the materials used, reflecting, where appropriate, matters such as strength, ductility, fracture resistance, wear resistance and fatigue resistance;  (g) surface properties; and  (h) the confirmation that the device meets any defined chemical and/or physical specifications	А				
10.2) Devices shall be designed, manufactured and packaged in such a way as to minimise the risk posed by contaminants and residues to patients, taking account of the intended purpose of the device, and to the persons involved in the transport, storage and use of the devices. Particular attention shall be paid to tissues exposed to those contaminants and residues and to the duration and frequency of exposure.	NA				

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11.6) Devices intended to be sterilised shall be manufactured and packaged in appropriate and controlled conditions and facilities.	NA			
11.7) Packaging systems for non-sterile devices shall maintain the integrity and cleanliness of the product and, where the devices are to be sterilised prior to use, minimise the risk of	Α			
microbial contamination; the packaging system shall be suitable taking account of the method of sterilisation indicated by the manufacturer.	А			
11.8) The labelling of the device shall distinguish between identical or similar devices placed on the market in both a sterile and a non-sterile condition additional to the symbol used to				
indicate that devices are sterile.	NA			
12) Devices incorporating a substance considered to be a medicinal product and devices that are composed of substances or of combinations of substances that are absorbed by or locally				
dispersed in the human body.	NA			
12.1) In the case of devices referred to in the first subparagraph of Article 1(8), the quality, safety and usefulness of the substance which, if used separately, would be considered to be a				
medicinal product within the meaning of point (2) of Article 1 of Directive 2001/83/EC, shall be verified by analogy with the methods specified in Annex I to Directive 2001/83/EC, as required	NA			
by the applicable conformity assessment procedure under this Regulation.				
12.2) Devices that are composed of substances or of combinations of substances that are intended to be introduced into the human body, and that are absorbed by or locally dispersed in the				
human body shall comply, where applicable and in a manner limited to the aspects not covered by this Regulation, with the relevant requirements laid down in Annex I to Directive				
2001/83/EC for the evaluation of absorption, distribution, metabolism, excretion, local tolerance, toxicity, interaction with other devices, medicinal products or other substances and	NA			
potential for adverse reactions, as required by the applicable conformity assessment procedure under this Regulation.				
13) Devices incorporating materials of biological origin	NA			
13.1) For devices manufactured utilising derivatives of tissues or cells of human origin which are non-viable or are rendered non-viable covered by this Regulation in accordance with point (g)	IVA			
of Article 1(6), the following shall apply:				
(a) donation, procurement and testing of the tissues and cells shall be done in accordance with				
Directive 2004/23/EC;				
(b) processing, preservation and any other handling of those tissues and cells or their derivatives shall be carried out so as to provide safety for patients, users and, where applicable, other	NA			
persons. In particular, safety with regard to viruses and other transmissible agents shall be addressed by appropriate methods of				
sourcing and by implementation of validated methods of elimination or inactivation in the course of the manufacturing process;				
(c) the traceability system for those devices shall be complementary and compatible with the traceability and data protection requirements laid down in Directive 2004/23/EC and in Directive				
(c) the traceability system for those devices shall be complementally and compatible with the traceability and data protection requirements and down in birective 2004/25/EC and in birective 2004/25/EC.				
2002/30/EC.				
13.2) For devices manufactured utilising tissues or cells of animal origin, or their derivatives, which are non-viable or rendered non-viable the following shall apply:				
(a) where feasible taking into account the animal species, tissues and cells of animal origin, or their derivatives, shall originate from animals that have been subjected to veterinary controls				
that are adapted to the intended use of the tissues. Information on the geographical origin of the animals shall be retained by				
manufacturers;	NA			
(b) sourcing, processing, preservation, testing and handling of tissues, cells and substances of animal origin, or their derivatives, shall be carried out so as to provide safety for patients, users				
and, where applicable, other persons. In particular safety with regard to viruses and other transmissible agents shall be addressed by implementation of validated methods of elimination or				
viral inactivation in the course of the manufacturing process, except when the use of such methods would lead to unacceptable degradation compromising the clinical benefit of the device;				
(c) in the case of devices manufactured utilising tissues or cells of animal origin, or their derivatives, as referred to in Regulation (EU) No 722/2012 the particular requirements laid down in				
that Regulation shall apply.				
13.3) For devices manufactured utilising non-viable biological substances other than those referred to in Sections 13.1 and 13.2, the processing, preservation, testing and handling of those				
substances shall be carried out so as to provide safety for patients, users and, where applicable, other persons, including in the waste disposal chain. In particular, safety with regard to viruses	NA			
and other transmissible agents shall be addressed by appropriate methods of sourcing and by implementation of validated methods of elimination or inactivation in the course of the	IVA			
manufacturing process.				
14) Construction of devices and interaction with their environment	NA			
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14.1) If the device is intended for use in combination with other devices or equipment the whole combination, including the connection system shall be safe and shall not impair the specified				
	NA			
performance of the devices. Any restrictions on use applying to such combinations shall be indicated on the label and/or in the instructions for use. Connections which the user has to handle,				
such as fluid, gas transfer, electrical or mechanical coupling, shall be designed and constructed in such a way as to minimise all possible risks, such as misconnection.				
14.2) Devices shall be designed and manufactured in such a way as to remove or reduce as far as possible:				
(a) the risk of injury, in connection with their physical features, including the volume/pressure ratio, dimensional and where appropriate ergonomic features;				
(b) risks connected with reasonably foreseeable external influences or environmental conditions, such as magnetic fields, external electrical and electromagnetic effects, electrostatic	NA			
discharge, radiation associated with diagnostic or therapeutic procedures, pressure, humidity, temperature, variations in pressure and acceleration or radio signal interferences;				
(c) the risks associated with the use of the device when it comes into contact with materials, liquids, and substances, including gases, to which it is exposed during normal conditions of use;				
(d) the risks associated with the possible negative interaction between software and the IT environment within which it operates and interacts;				
(e) the risks of accidental ingress of substances into the device;				
(f) the risks of reciprocal interference with other devices normally used in the investigations or for the treatment given; and				
(g) risks arising where maintenance or calibration are not possible (as with implants), from ageing of materials used or loss of accuracy of any measuring or control mechanism.				
18.3) Devices shall be designed and manufactured in such a way as to minimise the risks of fire or explosion during normal use and in single fault condition. Particular attention shall be paid				
14-3) Devices shall be designed and industrative in such a way as to imminise the risks of me or explosion during normal use and in single radii condition. Particular attention shall be paid to devices the intended use of which includes exposure to or use in association with flammable or explosive substances or substances which could cause combustion.	NA			
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14.4) Devices shall be designed and manufactured in such a way that adjustment, calibration, and maintenance can be done safely and effectively.	NA			
14.5) Devices that are intended to be operated together with other devices or products shall be designed and manufactured in such a way that the interoperability and compatibility are	NA			
reliable and safe.	IVA			
14.6)Any measurement, monitoring or display scale shall be designed and manufactured in line with ergonomic principles, taking account of the intended purpose, users and the				
environmental conditions in which the devices are intended to be used.	NA			
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14.7) Devices shall be designed and manufactured in such a way as to facilitate their safe disposal and the safe disposal of related waste substances by the user, patient or other person. To					
that end, manufacturers shall identify and test procedures and measures as a result of which their devices can be safely disposed after use. Such procedures shall be described in the	NA				
instructions for use.					
15) Devices with a diagnostic or measuring function	NA				
15.1) Diagnostic devices and devices with a measuring function, shall be designed and manufactured in such a way as to provide sufficient accuracy, precision and stability for their intended	NA.				
purpose, based on appropriate scientific and technical methods. The limits of accuracy shall be indicated by the manufacturer.	IVA				
15.2) The measurements made by devices with a measuring function shall be expressed in legal units conforming to the provisions of Council Directive 80/181/EEC (1).	NA				
16) Protection against radiation	NA				
16.1) General					
(a) Devices shall be designed, manufactured and packaged in such a way that exposure of patients, users and other persons to radiation is reduced as far as possible, and in a manner that is					
compatible with the intended purpose, whilst not restricting the application of appropriate specified levels for therapeutic and diagnostic purposes.	NA				
(b) The operating instructions for devices emitting hazardous or potentially hazardous radiation shall contain detailed information as to the nature of the emitted radiation, the means of					
protecting the patient and the user, and on ways of avoiding misuse and of reducing the risks inherent to installation as far as possible and appropriate. Information regarding the acceptance					
and performance testing, the acceptance criteria, and the maintenance procedure shall also be specified.					
16.2) Intended radiation					
(a) Where devices are designed to emit hazardous, or potentially hazardous, levels of ionizing and/or nonionizing radiation necessary for a specific medical purpose the benefit of which is					
(a) where certices are designed to entire lazar adous, or potentially magnitudes, experience in the properties of the considered to outweigh the risks inherent to the emission, it shall be possible for the user to control the emissions. Such devices shall be designed and manufactured to ensure reproducibility					
considered to during the resistance of the resis	NA				
(b) Where devices are intended to emit hazardous, or potentially hazardous, ionizing and/or non-ionizing radiation, they shall be fitted, where possible, with visual displays and/or audible					
warnings of such emissions.					
16.3) Devices shall be designed and manufactured in such a way that exposure of patients, users and other persons to the emission of unintended, stray or scattered radiation is reduced as	NA				
far as possible. Where possible and appropriate, methods shall be selected which reduce the exposure to radiation of patients, users and other persons who may be affected.					
16.4) Ionising radiation					
(a) Devices intended to emit ionizing radiation shall be designed and manufactured taking into account the requirements of the Directive 2013/59/Euratom laying down basic safety standards					
for protection against the dangers arising from exposure to ionising radiation.					
(b) Devices intended to emit ionising radiation shall be designed and manufactured in such a way as to ensure that, where possible, taking into account the intended use, the quantity,					
geometry and quality of the radiation emitted can be varied and controlled, and, if possible, monitored during treatment.	NA				
(c) Devices emitting ionising radiation intended for diagnostic radiology shall be designed and manufactured in such a way as to achieve an image and/or output quality that are appropriate					
to the intended medical purpose whilst minimising radiation exposure of the patient and user.					
(d) Devices that emit ionising radiation and are intended for therapeutic radiology shall be designed and manufactured in such a way as to enable reliable monitoring and control of the					
delivered dose, the beam type, energy and, where appropriate, the quality of radiation.					
uenverse u.u.se, une team type, energy and, where appropriate, the quanty or radiation.  17] Electronic programmable systems — devices that incorporate electronic programmable systems and software that are devices in themselves	NA NA	1			
	NA	1			
17.1) Devices that incorporate electronic programmable systems, including software, or software that are devices in themselves, shall be designed to ensure repeatability, reliability and					
performance in line with their intended use. In the event of a single fault condition, appropriate means shall be adopted to eliminate or reduce as far as possible consequent risks or	NA				
impairment of performance.					
17.2) For devices that incorporate software or for software that are devices in themselves, the software shall be developed and manufactured in accordance with the state of the art taking	NA				
into account the principles of development life cycle, risk management, including information security, verification and validation.					
17.3) Software referred to in this Section that is intended to be used in combination with mobile computing platforms shall be designed and manufactured taking into account the specific	NA.				
features of the mobile platform (e.g. size and contrast ratio of the screen) and the external factors related to their use (varying environment as regards level of light or noise).	IVA				
17.4) Manufacturers shall set out minimum requirements concerning hardware, IT networks characteristics and IT security measures, including protection against unauthorised access,	NA.				
necessary to run the software as intended.	NA				
18) Active devices and devices connected to them	NA				
18.1) For non-implantable active devices, in the event of a single fault condition, appropriate means shall be adopted to eliminate or reduce as far as possible consequent risks.	NA				
18.2) Devices where the safety of the patient depends on an internal power supply shall be equipped with a means of determining the state of the power supply and an appropriate warning					
or indication for when the capacity of the power supply becomes	NA			1	
18.3) Devices where the safety of the patient depends on an external power supply shall include an alarm system to signal any power failure.	NA	<u> </u>			1
18.4) Devices intended to monitor one or more clinical parameters of a patient shall be equipped with appropriate alarm systems to alert the user of situations which could lead to death or	IVA	†		1	1
severe deterioration of the patient's state of health	NA				
severe deterioration of the patient's state of nearth.  18.5) Devices shall be designed and manufactured in such a way as to reduce as far as possible the risks of creating electromagnetic interference which could impair the operation of the	1	<del> </del>	<u> </u>	1	1
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device in question or other devices or equipment in the intended environment.	ļ	<del> </del>		<b> </b>	<del>                                     </del>
18.6) Devices shall be designed and manufactured in such a way as to provide a level of intrinsic immunity to electromagnetic interference such that is adequate to enable them to operate as	NA			1	
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intended.				1	1
18.7) Devices shall be designed and manufactured in such a way as to avoid, as far as possible, the risk of accidental electric shocks to the patient, user or any other person, both during	NΔ				
	NA				
18.7) Devices shall be designed and manufactured in such a way as to avoid, as far as possible, the risk of accidental electric shocks to the patient, user or any other person, both during normal use of the device and in the event of a single fault condition in the device, provided the device is installed and maintained as indicated by the manufacturer.					
18.7) Devices shall be designed and manufactured in such a way as to avoid, as far as possible, the risk of accidental electric shocks to the patient, user or any other person, both during	NA NA				

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19.1) Active implantable devices shall be designed and manufactured in such a way as to remove or minimize as far as possible:					
(a) risks connected with the use of energy sources with particular reference, where electricity is used, to insulation, leakage currents and overheating of the devices,					
(b) risks connected with medical treatment, in particular those resulting from the use of defibrillators or highfrequency surgical equipment, and					
(c) risks which may arise where maintenance and calibration are impossible, including:	NA.				
— excessive increase of leakage currents,	IVA				
— ageing of the materials used,					
— excess heat generated by the device,					
— decreased accuracy of any measuring or control mechanism.					
19.2) Active implantable devices shall be designed and manufactured in such a way as to ensure — if applicable, the compatibility of the devices with the substances they are intended to					
administer, and — the reliability of the source of energy.	NA				
19.3) Active implantable devices and, if appropriate, their component parts shall be identifiable to allow any necessary measure to be taken following the discovery of a potential risk in					
23-37 Active implementations and, it appropriate, their component parts shall be identifiable to allow any necessary measure to be taken following the discovery of a potential risk in connection with the devices or their component parts.	NA				
19.4) Active implantable devices shall bear a code by which they and their manufacturer can be unequivocally identified (particularly with regard to the type of device and its year of					
13-4) Active implications strain bear a code by ministrating and the implication of the i	NA				
imanuacture), is snam be possible to read units code; in recessary, without the need for a surgical operation.  20) Protection against mechanical and thermal risks	NA				
20.1) Devices shall be designed and manufactured in such a way as to protect patients and users against mechanical risks connected with, for example, resistance to movement, instability	INA	+	1		
	NA				
and moving parts.					
<b>20.2)</b> Devices shall be designed and manufactured in such a way as to reduce to the lowest possible level the risks arising from vibration generated by the devices, taking account of technical progress and of the means available for limiting vibrations, particularly at source, unless the vibrations are part of the specified performance.	NA				
20.3) Devices shall be designed and manufactured in such a way as to reduce to the lowest possible level the risks arising from the noise emitted, taking account of technical progress and of	NA				
the means available to reduce noise, particularly at source, unless the noise emitted is part of the specified performance.					
20.4) Terminals and connectors to the electricity, gas or hydraulic and pneumatic energy supplies which the user or other person has to handle, shall be designed and constructed in such a	NA				
way as to minimise all possible risks.					
20.5) Errors likely to be made when fitting or refitting certain parts which could be a source of risk shall be made impossible by the design and construction of such parts or, failing this, by					
information given on the parts themselves and/or their housings.	NA				
The same information shall be given on moving parts and/or their housings where the direction of movement needs to be known in order to avoid a risk.					
20.6) Accessible parts of devices (excluding the parts or areas intended to supply heat or reach given temperatures) and their surroundings shall not attain potentially dangerous	NA NA				
temperatures under normal conditions of use.					
21) Protection against the risks posed to the patient or user by devices supplying energy or substances	NA				
21.1) Devices for supplying the patient with energy or substances shall be designed and constructed in such a way that the amount to be delivered can be set and maintained accurately	NA NA				
enough to ensure the safety of the patient and of the user.					
21.2) Devices shall be fitted with the means of preventing and/or indicating any inadequacies in the amount of energy delivered or substances delivered which could pose a danger. Devices	NA.				
shall incorporate suitable means to prevent, as far as possible, the accidental release of dangerous levels of energy or substances from an energy and/or substance source.	14/4				
21.3) The function of the controls and indicators shall be clearly specified on the devices. Where a device bears instructions required for its operation or indicates operating or adjustment	NA				
parameters by means of a visual system, such information shall be understandable to the user and, as appropriate, the patient.					
22) Protection against the risks posed by medical devices intended by the manufacturer for use by lay persons	NA				
22.1) Devices for use by lay persons shall be designed and manufactured in such a way that they perform appropriately for their intended purpose taking into account the skills and the means					
available to lay persons and the influence resulting from variation that can be reasonably anticipated in the lay person's technique and environment. The information and instructions	NA				
provided by the manufacturer shall be easy for the lay person to understand and apply.					
22.2) Devices for use by lay persons shall be designed and manufactured in such a way as to:					
- ensure that the device can be used safely and accurately by the intended user at all stages of the procedure, if necessary after appropriate training and/or information,					
— reduce, as far as possible and appropriate, the risk from unintended cuts and pricks such as needle stick injuries, and	NA				
— reduce as far as possible the risk of error by the intended user in the handling of the device and, if applicable, in the interpretation of the results.					
22.3) Devices for use by lay persons shall, where appropriate, include a procedure by which the lay person:			İ		
— can verify that, at the time of use, the device will perform as intended by the manufacturer, and	NA NA				
— if applicable, is warned if the device has failed to provide a valid result.					
Chapter III: REQUIREMENTS REGARDING THE INFORMATION SUPPLIED WITH THE DEVICE					
23) Label and instructions for use	Δ				
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23.1) General requirements regarding the information supplied by the manufacturer					
Each device shall be accompanied by the information needed to identify the device and its manufacturer, and by any safety and performance information relevant to the user, or any other					
person, as appropriate. Such information may appear on the device itself, on the packaging or in the instructions for use, and shall, if the manufacturer has a website, be made available and kept up to date on the website, taking into account the following:					
, ,					
(a) The medium, format, content, legibility, and location of the label and instructions for use shall be appropriate to the particular device, its intended purpose and the technical knowledge,					
experience, education or training of the intended user(s). In particular, instructions for use shall be written in terms readily understood by the intended user and, where appropriate,					
supplemented with drawings and diagrams.					
(b) The information required on the label shall be provided on the device itself. If this is not practicable or appropriate, some or all of the information may appear on the packaging for each					
unit, and/or on the packaging of multiple devices.	Α				
(c) Labels shall be provided in a human-readable format and may be supplemented by machine-readable information, such as radio-frequency identification ('RFID') or bar codes.	-				
(d) Instructions for use shall be provided together with devices. By way of exception, instructions for use shall not be required for class I and class I and class lia devices if such devices can be used safely					
without any such instructions and unless otherwise provided for elsewhere in this Section.					
(e) Where multiple devices are supplied to a single user and/or location, a single copy of the instructions for use may be provided if so agreed by the purchaser who in any case may request					
further copies to be provided free of charge.					
(f) Instructions for use may be provided to the user in non-paper format (e.g. electronic) to the extent, and only under the conditions, set out in Regulation (EU) No 207/2012 or in any					
subsequent implementing rules adopted pursuant to this Regulation.					
(g) Residual risks which are required to be communicated to the user and/or other person shall be included as limitations, contra-indications, precautions or warnings in the information					
supplied by the manufacturer.					
(h) Where appropriate, the information supplied by the manufacturer shall take the form of internationally recognised symbols. Any symbol or identification colour used shall conform to the					
harmonised standards or CS. In areas for which no harmonised standards or CS exist, the symbols and colours shall be described in the documentation supplied with the device.					
The label shall bear all of the following particulars:					
(a) the name or trade name of the device:					
(b) the details strictly necessary for a user to identify the device, the contents of the packaging and, where it is not obvious for the user, the intended purpose of the device;					
(c) the name, registered trade name or registered trade mark of the manufacturer and the address of its registered place of business;					
(d) if the manufacturer has its registered place of business outside the Union, the name of the authorised representative and address of the registered place of business of the authorised					
representative;					
(e) where applicable, an indication that the device contains or incorporates:					
— a medicinal substance, including a human blood or plasma derivative, or					
— tissues or cells, or their derivatives, of human origin, or					
— tissues or cells of animal origin, or their derivatives, as referred to in Regulation (EU) No 722/2012;					
(f) where applicable, information labelled in accordance with Section 10.4.5.;					
(g) the lot number or the serial number of the device preceded by the words LOT NUMBER or SERIAL NUMBER or an equivalent symbol, as appropriate;					
(h) the UDI carrier referred to in Article 27(4) and Part C of Annex VII;					
(i) an unambiguous indication of t the time limit for using or implanting the device safely, expressed at least in terms of year and month, where this is relevant;					
(j) where there is no indication of the date until when it may be used safely, the date of manufacture. This date of manufacture may be included as part of the lot number or serial number,	Α				
provided the date is clearly identifiable;					
(k) an indication of any special storage and/or handling condition that applies;					
(I) if the device is supplied sterile, an indication of its sterile state and the sterilisation method;					
(m) warnings or precautions to be taken that need to be brought to the immediate attention of the user of the device, and to any other person. This information may be kept to a minimum in					
which case more detailed information shall appear in the instructions for use, taking into account the intended users;					
(n) if the device is intended for single use, an indication of that fact. A manufacturer's indication of single use shall be consistent across the Union;					
(o) if the device is a single-use device that has been reprocessed, an indication of that fact, the number of reprocessing cycles already performed, and any limitation as regards the number of					
reprocessing cycles;					
(p) if the device is custom-made, the words 'custom-made device';					
(g) an indication that the device is a medical device. If the device is intended for clinical investigation only, the words 'exclusively for clinical investigation';					
(if) in the case of devices that are composed of substances or of combinations of substances that are intended to be introduced into the human body via a body orifice or applied to the skin					
and that are absorbed by or locally dispersed in the human body, the overall qualitative composition of the device and quantitative information on the main constituents					
responsible for achieving the principal intended action;					
respondence for desireing the principal medical details		1	I	<u> </u>	

23.3) Information on the packaging which maintains the sterile condition of a device ('sterile packaging')				1
The following particulars shall appear on the sterile packaging:				1
(a) an indication permitting the sterile packaging to be recognised as such,				1
(b) a declaration that the device is in a sterile condition,				1
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(c) the method of sterilisation,				1
(d) the name and address of the manufacturer,				1
(e) a description of the device,	NA			1
(f) if the device is intended for clinical investigations, the words 'exclusively for clinical investigations',				1
(g) if the device is custom-made, the words 'custom-made device',				1
(h) the month and year of manufacture,				1
(i) an unambiguous indication of the time limit for using or implanting the device safely expressed at least in				1
terms of year and month, and				1
(i) an instruction to check the instructions for use for what to do if the sterile packaging is damaged or				l
unintentionally opened before use.				1
25-4) information in the instructions for use				
The instructions for use shall contain all of the following particulars:				1
(a) the particulars referred to in points (a), (c), (e), (f), (k), (l), (n) and (r) of Section 23.2;				1
(b) the device's intended purpose with a clear specification of indications, contra-indications, the patient target group or groups, and of the intended users, as appropriate;				1
(c) where applicable, a specification of the clinical benefits to be expected.				1
(d) where applicable, links to the summary of safety and clinical performance referred to in Article 32;				1
(e) the performance characteristics of the device;				1
(f) where applicable, information allowing the healthcare professional to verify if the device is suitable and select the corresponding software and accessories;				1
(g) any residual risks, contra-indications and any undesirable side-effects, including information to be conveyed to the patient in this regard;				1
(h) specifications the user requires to use the device appropriately, e.g. if the device has a measuring function, the degree of accuracy claimed for it;				1
(i) details of any preparatory treatment or handling of the device before it is ready for use or during its use, such as sterilisation, final assembly, calibration, etc., including the levels of				ı
disinfection required to ensure patient safety and all available methods for achieving those levels of disinfection;				1
(j) any requirements for special facilities, or special training, or particular qualifications of the device user and/or other persons;				1
(k) the information needed to verify whether the device is properly installed and is ready to perform safely and as intended by the manufacturer, together with, where relevant:				1
— details of the nature, and frequency, of preventive and regular maintenance, and of any preparatory cleaning or disinfection,	Α			1
— identification of any consumable components and how to replace them,				1
— information on any necessary calibration to ensure that the device operates properly and safely during its intended lifetime, and				1
<ul> <li>methods for eliminating the risks encountered by persons involved in installing, calibrating or servicing devices;</li> </ul>				1
(I) if the device is supplied sterile, instructions in the event of the sterile packaging being damaged or unintentionally opened before use; 5.5.2017 EN Official Journal of the European Union L				l
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(m) if the device is supplied non-sterile with the intention that it is sterilised before use, the appropriate instructions for sterilisation;				1
(n) if the device is reusable, information on the appropriate processes for allowing reuse, including cleaning, disinfection, packaging and, where appropriate, the validated method of re-				1
sterilisation appropriate to the Member State or Member States in which the device has been placed on the market. Information shall be provided to identify when the device should no				1
longer be reused, e.g. signs of material degradation or the maximum number of allowable reuses;				1
(o) an indication, if appropriate, that a device can be reused only if it is reconditioned under the responsibility of the manufacturer to comply with the general safety and performance				í
requirements;				í
(b) if the device bears an indication that it is for single use, information on known characteristics and technical factors known to the manufacturer that could pose a risk if the device were to				í
be re-used. This information shall be based on a specific section of the manufacturer's risk management documentation, where such characteristics and technical factors shall be addressed in				Ĭ
detail. If in accordance with point (d) of Section 23.1. no instructions for use are required, this information shall be made available to the user upon request;				1
dectain in in decordance with point (a) of section 23.1. To instructions for use are required, this information shall be made available to the user upon request,	l	1	l	